# Minnesota State Parks Entrance Fees

A new proposal would raise state park entrance fees to \$45 for an annual pass (up from \$35) and \$10 for a daily pass (up from \$7). This would be the second large fee increase in six years. What would another price hike mean for Minnesota's State Parks?



State parks belong to everyone. Entrance fees help support parks but also discourage use, and thus should always be kept as low as possible. Studies have found that fees, even when priced as low as \$3, displace low-income people and that people will travel three times as far to reach parks with no or lower fees.¹ When Minnesota State Parks increased fees 40% in 2017, visitation declined for the first time in years, bucking national and local trends.² The DNR has a long-established goal to provide accessible and affordable parks and trails to all Minnesotans.

Minnesotans should have parks and trails they can... use and afford.

~ MnDNR, 2011 5

Raising park entrance fees is not a solution because it would create

because it would create a barrier... to enjoy the parks and trails.

~ MnDNR, 2013 6

38%
of Minnesotans don't have money to buy or rent outdoor equipment 3

28%
of Minnesotans don't have money to pay for park permits, licenses, or other fees 4

Tettegouche State Park · Justin Pruden | P&TC Photo Contest

[A strategic direction is to] Continue to keep costs affordable.

~ MnDNR, 2019 <sup>7</sup>

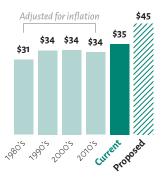
DNR wants to make sure... we **do not price the public out** of access to public spaces.

~ MnDNR, 2022 8

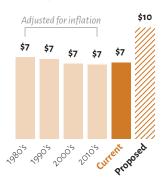
## **Historically Expensive Parks**

The proposed fee increase would make Minnesota State Parks the most expensive they've ever been, even after adjusting for inflation. Higher entrance fees would disincentivize the benefits state parks provide and disproportionately affect people already underrepresented in outdoor recreation. This wouldn't affect just a few people; 9% of Minnesotans live below the poverty line, and 31% of households make less than \$50,000 a year.9

#### **Annual State Park Pass**



#### **Daily State Park Pass**

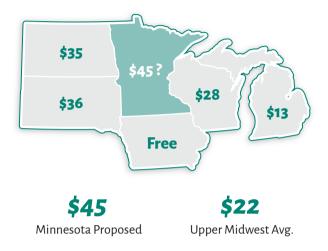


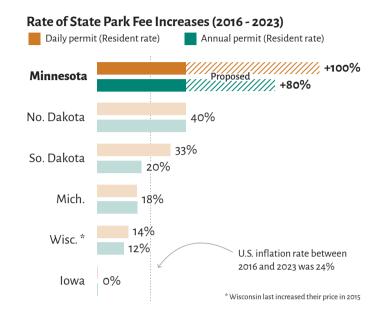


## Most Expensive State Parks in the Upper Midwest

#### Price of Annual State Park Permit

(2023 price; resident rate)







#### Our public investment decisions reflect who we are and what we value:

Do we value parks as public goods meant for everyone, like libraries and schools? Or are they meant to generate revenue regardless of who may be priced out?

## Alternatives to increasing fees?

State Parks are worth investing in: they improve our physical, mental and spiritual health; promote tourism and local economies; and preserve breathtaking landscapes and vital ecosystems. But there's alternatives to continually increasing fees and pricing out low-income Minnesotans. There's a historic \$17.6 billion dollar surplus that could be used to boost spending. There's other options, too: HF 389 / SF 356 would tweak the allocation formula for lottery-in-lieu dollars, increasing funding to parks and trails. Restructuring how we collect fees is also worth exploring: Michigan, Montana, Kansas, Idaho and Colorado have all increased revenue by *lowering* the cost of park permits and coupling them with vehicle registrations.

